MADISON COUNTY SUBSTITUTE TEACHER'S HANDBOOK



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Basic Information for Substitutes

Selection and Employment of Substitute Teachers

The following are needed in order to complete an application for employment:

- 1. Copy of Kentucky teaching certificate. If you are not eligible for a Kentucky teaching certificate, you can apply for an Emergency Substitute Teaching certificate. Minimum qualifications are 64-semester college hours with a 2.5 average on a 4.0 scale. Emergency Substitute Teaching certificates from Madison County School District may not transfer to other districts. Emergency Substitute Teaching Certificates must be renewed on an annual basis.
- 2. Completed official transcript showing degree(s) or total number of college credit hours completed.
- 3. State Law requires a National and State criminal history background check as a condition for employment. The district requires the applicant's fingerprints for the Kentucky State Police and the FBI report. Applicant should submit the fingerprint card and a \$34.75 money order to the Board of Education for processing.
- 4. Proof of employment eligibility in the U.S. The district is required to make a copy of the applicant's driver's license and social security card.
- 5. Copy of a medical examination and Tuberculosis (TB) skin test performed by a licensed physician.
- 6. A thorough knowledge of the substitute teacher handbook is required.

Substitute Pay Forms

At the beginning and end of each day, substitute teachers should report to the school office to complete an official pay form. Since pay is based on this form, substitute teachers need to be sure to correctly complete this form each day that they work.

.Teacher Retirement

Retired teachers need to contact KTRS to determine the allowable number of days that can be worked without affecting their retirement benefits and obtain their current DWT (daily wage threshold) information. A copy of the DWT should accompany the retired substitute teacher application packet. Return these items to the Human Resources Department.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

All employees of the Madison County School District, whether full or part-time, are covered by Workers' Compensation Insurance. This employee benefit provides protection in the event of illness or injury as a result of employment with the Madison County School District. Worker's Compensation Insurance pays benefits and claims regardless of other insurance policies and benefits. The Board of Education pays the cost of the insurance.

Personnel Folders

Substitute personnel folders are available for inspection in the Madison County Board of Education Central Office. Personnel folders contain basic information and change of status forms.

Change of Address or Telephone Number

Inform the Human Resources Department if you change your address or telephone number. If you earn an additional degree, please forward a copy of the official transcript to the Human Resources Department for an adjustment in your earnings.

Inactive Status

Contact the Human Resources Department to request placement on "Inactive" status in the case of extended illness, student teaching, etc. An approximate ending date should be given at the time of the request.

Resignation

Contact the Human Resources Department of resignation from substitute teaching from the district.

Receiving Assignments

Substitute teacher assignments are made by the AESOP System. Assignments are made using the following criteria: certification by the class to be taught, teachers' preferences, and record of substitute availability.

General Procedures for Substitute Teachers

Professionalism is a basic expectation of all employees of the Madison County School District. As a substitute teacher, professionalism is directly related to the ability to observe the following.

Confidentiality

Substitute instructions need to be diligent in protecting the privacy rights of students. Any request for information regarding students from outside school sources should be referred to the school principal.

Students on Medication

Students who bring medication to class should be referred to the school office immediately. Substitute teachers should refrain from administering any medication, including aspirin, to students.

Relating to Others

The ability to relate to others is essential. Substitute teachers should treat students, parents and staff in a friendly, courteous and respectful manner. Negativity, absence of a sense of humor or an unwillingness to be flexible, cooperative or helpful may result in not being invited back as substitute teacher.

Avoiding Negativity

Substitute teachers should avoid speaking negatively about students, other teachers or about the class or school. The result is often damaging and frequently results in the substitute teacher developing a negative reputation.

Dressing Professionally

Substitute teachers are expected to dress appropriately and to serve as role models. Shirts, ties, dress pants and dress shoes are most appropriate for men. Appropriately cut dresses and blouses, pant suits and women's slacks are appropriate for women. Short dresses, low cut blouses or t-shirts are not deemed to be professionally appropriate.

Preparing for Substitute Assignment

In most instances, substitute teachers will find that the classroom teacher left detailed lesson plans. Please be sure to notify the office if lesson plans have not been left or cannot be found. Substitute teachers should plan on arriving early and checking into the school office immediately upon arrival. The office staff should provide classroom keys, maps of the school, duty schedules, class schedules, emergency procedures, lunch procedures, school rules, etc. Substitute teachers should become familiar with this information as soon as possible.

Following Lesson Plans

Most regular classroom teachers leave detailed substitute teacher lesson plans. Classroom teachers expect substitute teachers to follow their lesson plans closely.

Leaving a Comprehensive Report

Regular classroom teachers want to know how the day went. The names of particular students who were helpful, the names of students who may have been a particular challenge, information about the tasks completed and any other relevant information needs to be shared with the regular classroom teacher.

Grading Student Papers

Substitute teachers should follow the direction of the classroom teachers when it comes to grading students papers. If there are specific instructions from the regular classroom teacher, and the substitute teacher sufficiently understands the work to be graded, then the substitute teacher should grade the student papers prior to leaving for the day, if possible. (Because of state mandates, there are strict guidelines about the grading of portfolio pieces; therefore, consultation with administrative staff is imperative.) As a minimum, student papers should be organized, so the classroom teacher can more readily grade them upon return.

Taking Roll

It is the professional and legal responsibility of teachers to ensure accurate student attendance accounting each class period. Missing students should be reported to school office personnel immediately. Do not assume that other students' explanations for a student's whereabouts are accurate. Be sure to check the notes of students who were absent the previous day and leave detailed notes for the regular teacher.

Accidents

Report <u>ALL</u> accidents to the school office. This should be done so if there are phone calls to the school, we will know the details. An accident form should be filled out and filed in the school office on the day of the accident. The student's teacher should contact the parent to inform them of accident details.

Evacuation Plan

Should an emergency arise in our building, the teacher who is in charge of a handicapped student would be responsible for moving the student out of the building, following our normal evacuation route. Should the teacher need help in implementing this, he/she will be responsible for obtaining help from another person.

Housekeeping

Teachers are responsible for the following:

- 1. Close and lock the windows at the end of the day.
- 2. Secure all confidential information.
- 3. Keep all chalk boards cleaned.
- 4. Turn out all lights when leaving the building.

- 5. Check outside doors when leaving to see that they are locked.
- 6. Maintain room appearance that is academically motivating, inviting and age appropriate.
- 7. Encourage pride and accountability of school grounds and building.
- 8. Place trash in proper containers at the end of the day.

Playground/Duty Activity

If you have taken your class to another area, please give full attention to their supervision. Only age/size appropriate groups should be allowed to participate in physical activities. You <u>must</u> be aware of what all of your children are doing. They should all be in one general area. If some of your students stay inside, they <u>must</u> be under the supervision of certified personnel. Lack of student supervision is unacceptable at any time.

Restroom Facilities

Monitor this area closely, especially as the students use these facilities in groups going to and from physical education, the cafeteria, etc. Send a monitor when children use the restroom facilities as a group. Limit the number of students using the restroom at one time.

Please stress cleanliness and health, as well as responsibility for our building facilities.

Telephone

Classrooms should be free from interruptions. Please be aware of the following guidelines:

- 1. An emergency from a family member warrants class interruption.
- 2. A child that has become sick at school and is calling from school warrants class interruption.
- 3. All staff should discuss with family, appropriate times and circumstances to interrupt the classroom.
- 4. All staff members need to check mailboxes at least once a day. Non-urgent calls will be left in mailboxes in the form of a note.
- 5. When answering the telephone in the classroom, please answer with your name instead of "hello" to prevent the guessing of who is speaking adults should answer the telephones.

Establishing a Positive Classroom Environment

Establishing a positive classroom environment is key to a successful teaching experience. A positive classroom environment can be created through exercise of the following:

Expectations

- 1. An essential step in creating a positive learning environment is having students clearly understand what is expected of them. Substitute teachers should instruct students in what is expected of them.
- 2. Expectancies should be kept to four or five.
- 3. Expectations should be stated in a positive and instructional manner.
- 4. Particularly younger elementary students need to be taught expectations within the context of each situation. Proper behavior while waiting in line, going from one location to another, needs to be individually taught in each environment.

Importance of Task

- Getting students on task as quickly as possible makes it much easier to get and keep students engaged in learning. When students are actively involved in learning, they will seldom have the time to get into trouble. The more free time students have, the greater the likelihood that they will create classroom disruptions.
- 2. Substitute teachers are advised to have activities to use in case lesson plans are incomplete or missing.

Management by Walking Around

- 1. Walking around in the classroom and being in close proximity to students is an indicator of a well-managed and positive classroom. Sitting behind the desk and not interacting with students often leads to classroom discipline problems and is strongly discouraged in the Madison County School District. Reading a newspaper or book while students work is inappropriate.
- 2. When performing the regular teacher's extra duties such as hallway supervision or bus duty, be sure to circulate in the area and interact with students.

Teacher Maturity and Professionalism

- 1. Teachers should remain professional, model positive behavior even when under stress and maintain a calm demeanor.
- 2. Teachers should conduct themselves as appropriate authority figures and as student role models. Teachers should be viewed as caring, dedicated, skillful, sensitive, flexible and responsive.

Determining the Differences Between Minor and Major Student Misbehavior

- 1. Teachers must distinguish between minor and major disruptive student behavior. If the student's behavior is merely annoying and irritating, it is usually minor misbehavior. Minor misbehavior can be best dealt with by ignoring it and by recognizing other students' positive behavior. Teachers should use caution in bringing attention to minor classroom misbehavior, since recognition can often strengthen unwanted negative behavior. Major disruptive behavior occurs when a student or students interfere with student learning. Correction should be done *quickly and privately*, whenever possible.
- 2. Become familiar with each school's discipline code and the teacher's classroom rules. Consult with other teachers and administrators about difficult situations.
- 3. Practice sound classroom management techniques.
- 4. Understand the complexities of working with special needs students.

Classroom Management Techniques

Effective classroom management is not accidental. It requires planning, monitoring and fine-tuning. It is essential for teachers to be perceived by students as consistent, as being in charge and as being fair. It is critical for substitute teachers to establish their classroom expectations and consequences at the beginning of the day or class. Effective classroom management can be achieved through adhering to the following:

Respecting Students

Students respect adults who respect them. Each student is a person who deserves to be treated with respect regardless of his or her intellectual abilities, personal circumstances, cultural background or socioeconomic status.

Staying in Control

It is extremely important for the teacher not to lose his or her temper. Teachers should model appropriate behavior even under highly stressful situations. When teachers lose self-control, it becomes more difficult to make proper decisions and to retain the respect of students.

Having a Plan

Failure to plan often becomes a plan for failure. Effective classroom management revolves around the teacher's foresight in planning for utilization of classroom time, handling of discipline problems, establishing procedures for taking up papers, taking attendance, etc. Substitute teachers need to have a plan about how to deal with situations such as student misbehavior or lack of lesson plans *before they happen*. Transition times (bathroom breaks, lunch time, music class) often result in a higher level of student misbehavior and require careful monitoring by the substitute teacher. Consistent and fair rituals and routines will be an invaluable tool once established.

Establishing Standards of Conduct

Let students know what is expected of them upon their arrival to class. Set reasonable standards and consequences. Be consistent in the enforcement of these standards. Remember: be firm, fair and consistent.

When dealing with students, consider these items:

- 1. Never threaten students with consequences that they are unable or unwilling to deliver. Teachers who make these types of threats are setting themselves up for failure. Teachers should clearly spell out consequences and then consistently enforce the consequences.
- 2. Listen before you discipline. Because the substitute teacher may not have all the information, it is important to listen to the student before disciplining him or her.
- 3. Never single out a student. No one enjoys being admonished in front of others. Students who are acting inappropriately should be disciplined in a private manner
- 4. Avoid talking over students. Gain the attention of all students before beginning class or making announcements.

- 5. Keep students in the classroom.
- 6. Limit the number of students out of their seats.
- 7. Use direct eye contact and physical proximity to discourage student misbehavior.
- 8. Never argue with a student in front of a class. Students are often empowered by their peer group, therefore, disagreements about grades, etc. should be conducted privately or with a counselor or administrator present.
- 9. Avoid becoming absorbed with one activity or student. Keep constant eye contact with the other students and circulate frequently around the classroom.

Working with Students with Special Needs

Exceptional Child Education (ECE) programs are designed to meet the needs of students whose approach to learning is different than their peers. A variety of programs, techniques, methods and materials are utilized to assist special needs students with learning. An Individual Education Plan (IEP) is developed for each special needs student and outlines the following: educational goals for the student, modifications for the student and services that the student will receive, i.e. physical therapy, speech therapy.

When substituting, it is important to become familiar with the special needs students in the classroom. Each special needs student has a case manager who is responsible for the student's IEP. Consult with the case manager or administrative staff about how to deal with special needs students.

Below are common classifications of special needs students:

Mild Mental Disability (MMD)

The Mild Mental Disability program provides a service delivery option for the student who, because of depressed intellectual and adaptive behavior development as determined by recognized standardized tests, requires special education methods and materials to benefit from classroom instruction. This student's intellectual and adaptive abilities indicate that scholastic achievement may not be accomplished without specially designed instruction. The student is integrated into comprehensive program classes for specific social and academic skill development to the maximum extent possible.

Functional Mental Disabilities (FMD)

To receive services in the Functional Mental Disabilities program, evidence must exist that the student has primary cognitive and adaptive behavior disabilities, severe deficits in overall academic performance including acquisition, retention and application of knowledge, and the disability is manifested during the developmental period.

The majority of students in the FMD program are served in classes located in the schools. All classes are a part of the continuum of service delivery, which include collaboration, resource and special classes. Inclusion with students without disabilities to the maximum extent possible is a primary goal for students in the FMD program.

Hearing Impairment (HI)

A student is determined to be hearing impaired and eligible for specially designed instruction and related services if evaluation information collected across multiple settings verifies that: a hearing loss of 25dB or greater exists, deficits exist in processing linguistic information through hearing; and the hearing disability adversely affects educational performance.

Visual Impairment (VI)

A student may be certified as eligible in the Visual Impairment program if it is determined that the student has visual acuity of 20/70 or less in the better functioning eye after correction, and/or has a visual disability which even with correction, adversely affects the child's educational performance. This program serves both partially seeing children and blind children.

Speech and Language Impairment

A student may qualify for placement for speech and language impaired students provided that there is evidence of a disorder or significant delay in language and/or speech which adversely affects the student's educational performance. Unlike any other ECE program, students may qualify for the services of the Speech and Language Impaired program as a related service to other ECE programs, or as the primary disabling condition for speech and/or language impaired students.

Emotional-Behavioral Disorder (EBD)

The Emotional-Behavioral Disability program serves students who have emotional-behavioral conditions that significantly interfere with learning and interpersonal relationships to such an extent that specially designed instruction is required in order for the student to benefit from education.

Specific Learning Disabilities (SLD)

To receive services in the Specific Learning Disabilities program, a severe aptitude/achievement discrepancy must exist between academic performance and cognitive aptitude. The student receives specially designed instruction only in the specific academic area that the child qualifies such as math, reading, written expression, oral expression or listening comprehension. Therefore, the student may be in the regular program for much of their day with modifications being implemented by both the regular education teacher and the special education teacher.

Autism

Students with autism usually have substantial language and social skills delays. These students can be mildly to severely affected. Mildly autistic students usually are mainstreamed in the regular program with modifications from both the special and regular education teachers. Students that are more severely affected may be in a special education resource classroom for much of their day in order to receive specially designed instruction based to meet their individual needs. Students with autism may have special schedules and may be receiving assistance from support staff within the school. This information can be obtained from the administrative staff.

504 Students

In order for a student to be deemed eligible for a 504 plan, the student must have been determined to have a disability that results in a substantial limitation of a major life activity. This would result in the student having a 504 plan that could include modifications to their regular program. The administrative staff should be able to share this information with the substitute.

Emergency Procedures

There are six (6) basic procedures, which can be utilized in responding to various emergencies:

- I. Evacuation For use when conditions outside are safer than inside.
 - A. Full Evacuation: For use when the entire building is evacuated. When the alarm sounds:
 - 1. Take the closest and safest way out as posted (use secondary route if primary route is blocked or hazardous).
 - 2. Take roll book for student accounting.
 - 3. Office staff should take sign out sheets and approved pick-up list.
 - 4. Assist those needing special assistance.
 - 5. Do not stop for student/staff belongings.
 - 6. Go to designated area.
 - 7. Check for injuries.
 - 8. Take attendance; report according to procedures.
 - 9. Wait for further instructions.
 - B. Controlled Evacuations: For use when only part of the building can be safely evacuated and will be used following a lockdown (example: hostage situation).
 - 1. Controlled evacuation should be done in total silence.
 - 2. Will be completed on a room by room process as directed.
 - 3. Notification will be done by e-mail, intercom, or in person.
- II. Reverse Evacuation For use when conditions inside are safer than outside. When the announcement is made:
 - 1. Move students and staff inside as quickly as possible.
 - 2. Assist those needing special assistance.
 - 3. Report to classroom.
 - 4. Check for injuries.
 - 5. Take attendance; report according to procedures.
 - 6. Wait for further instructions.
- III. Severe Weather Safe Area For use in severe weather emergencies. When the announcement is made:
 - 1. Take the closest, safest route to shelter in designated safe areas according to tornado plan posted in each room (use secondary route if primary route is blocked or dangerous).

- 2. Take roll book for student accounting.
- 3. Take attendance; report according to procedures.
- 4. Assist those needing special assistance.
- 5. Do not stop for student/staff belongings.
- 6. Open all doors.
- 7. Remain in safe area until the "all clear" is given.
- 8. Wait for further instructions.
- IV. Shelter in Place For use in external gas or chemical release.

When the announcement is made:

- 1. Students are to be cleared from the halls immediately and to report to nearest available classroom or other designated location.
- 2. Assist those needing special assistance.
- 3. Close and tape all windows and doors and seal the gap between bottom of the door and the floor (external gas/release).
- 4. Take attendance; report according to procedures.
- 5. Do not allow anyone to leave the classroom.
- 6. Stay away from all doors and windows.
- 7. Wait for further instructions.
- V. Lockdown For use to protect building occupants from potential dangers in the building.

When the announcement is made:

- 1. Students are to be cleared from the halls immediately and to report to nearest available classroom.
- 2. Assist those needing special assistance.
- 3. Close and lock all windows and do not leave for any reason.
- 4. Stay away from all doors and windows and move students to interior walls and drop to the floor.
- 5. Shut off lights.
- 6. BE QUIET.
- 7. Wait for further instructions.
- 8. Monitor e-mail.
- VI. Drop, Cover and Hold For use in earthquakes or other imminent danger to building or immediate surroundings.

When the announcement is made:

A. If inside:

- 1. DROP to the floor, take cover under nearby desk or table and face away from the windows.
- 2. COVER your eyes by leaning your face against your arms.
- 3. HOLD onto the table or desk legs, and maintain present location/position.

- 4. Assist those needing special assistance.
- 5. Wait for further instructions.

B. If outside:

- 1. Move away from the building and away from electrical wires.
- 2. Lie flat, face down and wait for shocks to subside.
- 3. When shocks subside take attendance, report according to procedures.
- 4. Do not light fire or touch fallen wires.
- 5. Be alert for instructions from the site coordinator.

Media

The only means to inform the general public is by mass media (radio, television and newspaper). We must provide prompt and accurate information. Any misinformation can create confusion and therefore should be avoided at all cost.

No employee of the school system should talk to any representative of the media without explicit permission of the superintendent/designee. Isolated quotes from individuals are usually incomplete and misleading and therefore must be avoided. The Superintendent or his/her designee is the spokesperson for the district.

A joint news conference with the emergency personnel may occur. The police emergency team will answer questions regarding the actual crisis and the Superintendent/designee will answer questions regarding what is occurring within the school.



PERSONNEL 03.4

Substitute Teachers

OUALIFICATIONS

All substitute teachers shall meet criminal records check and medical examination requirements as specified in policies 03.11.and 03.111. In addition, substitutes serving in a position on a long-term/extended basis must meet all certification requirements established by the Education Professional Standards Board.

SUBSTITUTE LIST

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a list of qualified substitute teachers. The Superintendent or designee shall engage substitutes from this list.

RETIRED TEACHERS

Retired teachers may be reemployed as a part-time, temporary or substitute teacher in keeping with requirements of the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System.

LENGTH OF DUTY

Substitute teachers shall observe the same hours of duty as the regular teacher. The substitute will continue to report for duty until relived by the Superintendent or designee.

Substitute teachers shall follow daily lesson plans as outlined by the regular teacher and leave a written record of the work completed during their length of duty.

SUBSTUTITE SALARY AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE

Substitutes shall be paid on a per diem basis according to the salary schedule approved by the Board. The salary schedule may reflect adjustments for long-term/continuous assignment substitutes.

Payment shall be made on the next scheduled pay date for substitutes.

EMPLOYMENT NOTIFICATION

Substitute teachers on the District's substitute list shall be notified in writing by April 30 of each year as to whether they have reasonable assurance of continued employment for the following school year.

Nonrenewal of substitute teachers on limited contracts shall be made in compliance with the requirements of KRS 161.750.

REFERENCES:

KRS 17.160; KRS 17.165; KRS 156.106; KRS 161.605; KRS 161.611; 16 KAR 2:030; 16 KAR 2:030; 16 KAR 2:120; 102 KAR 1:030; 702 KAR 1:035; 702 KAR 3:075 OAG 69-296

RELANTED POLICIES:

03.11, 03.111, 03.121

Adopted/Amended: 9/11/03 Order #: 367

Professional Substitute Checklist

Upon Arrival to School	In the Classroom Before School	At the End of the Day
Report to the principal or	Locate the school evacuation	Remind students of
the school office.	map. Check for posted fire drill, tornado and other safety	homework.
Ask if there will be any	related instructions. Read	Have students
extra duties associated	through the lesson plans left by	straighten and clean
with the permanent	the teacher.	their desks.
teacher's assignment.	I goods the healts namers and	Monthy organiza the
Find out how to refer a	Locate the books, papers, and materials, which will be needed	Neatly organize the papers turned in by
student to the office.	throughout the day.	students.
Obtain keys, teacher's	Study the seating charts.	Leave the regular
daily schedule, lesson	If you can't find any, get ready	teacher a note of
plans, and the teacher's gradebook.	to make your own.	what was accomplished and
	When the bell rings, stand	what needs to be
Check the teacher's	in the doorway and greet students	completed. Attach
mailbox.	as they enter.	notes, bulletins and other communica-
Find out how to report		tions.
students who are absent	Throughout the School Day	
or tardy.		Close windows, turn
Find the location of	Greet the students at the door	off lights and equipment and make
restrooms and the	and get them involved in a learning activity immediately.	sure the room is in
teacher's lounge.	rearming activity immediately.	good order before
	Carry out the lesson plans	you lock the door.
Ask the names of	and assigned duties to the best	
teachers on both sides	of your abilities.	Turn in keys, grade
of your classroom and	I	book, etc., to the
introduce yourself to them.	Improvise to fill extra time, enhance activities, or supplement	office. Turn in any money
	sketchy lesson plans as needed.	collected, to the
In the Classroom Before School	Create a folder of activities for	office, with detailed
	this purpose.	notes concerning
Put your name on the		who turned in the
board.	Be fair and consistent in handling	money and why.
Review the expectations,	students.	Check to see if you
or rules, if any are posted or	Be positive and respectful in your	will be needed again
in the teacher's lesson plans.	interactions with students and staff.	the next day.
Familiarize yourself with	Check the teacher's mailbox.	
recess times, lunch periods,		
music and art periods, and the schedule and routine of		
classes.		

SUBSTITUTE TEACHER DAILY REPORT (ELEMENTARY)

SCHOOL		CLASSROOM TEACHER		
DATE	GRADE	SUBSTITUE TEACHER THE FOLLOWING STUDNTS:		
THESE STUDENTS WERE ABSENT:	TS WERE ABSENT:			
		WERE HELPFUL	DISRUPTIVE	
COMMENTS:	_			
THE CLASS:				
was helpful	and courteous.	followed classroom rules.		
worked well	on assignments.	other:		
ASSIGNMENTS	NOT COMPLETED:			
1				
2				
3.				
ADDITIONAL C	OMMENTS:			
NEXT TIME, I W	OULD APPRECIATE T	THE FOLLOWING:		
		CICNED		

Substitute Teacher Daily Report (Secondary)

Substitute:	Date:
Class:	
Attendance Info. Students who were absent:	
Students who were tardy:	
The following students were helpful:	
off-task:	
disruptive:	
Class	
Class:	
Attendance Info. Students who were absent:	
Students who were tardy:	
The following students were helpful:	
off-task:	
Notes on Assignments/Class Work:	

Confidentiality Requirement

Every employee of the Madison County School District will adhere to confidentiality protection of personally identifiable information as set forth in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) as amended, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and Kentucky Administrative Regulations (KAR). Protection means denial or disclosure, access to, release, transfer and other communication of educational records and the personally identifiable information contained in those records by any means, including oral, written or electronic means, to any party for unauthorized or improper use.

Personally identifiable means data or information that include the student's name, family information, address, Social Security number or school identification number and personal characteristics. Records shall refer to medical records, grades, transcripts, discipline reports, conference accounts, correspondence, work samples, photographs, tapes, handwriting, print/Braille or modifications as set forth in an Individual Education Plan (IEP), 504 Plan or Instructional Remedial Plan (IRP).

Failure to comply may result in cause to initiate proceedings for revocation or suspension of Kentucky certification, 704 KAR 20:680, 704 KAR 20:585 and KRS 161:120.

Substitute Teachers In-Service

YOU ARE VERY IMPORTANT PERSON IN OUR ORGANIZATION

- 1. Arrive 10 to 15 minutes early
- 2. Report to Office (Building Principal or Secretary)
- 3. Need to contact Human Resources if any information on your application changes such as phone number, address change, name change, etc.
- 4. Contact Dustin Brumbaugh if information concerning days you can work change or if you can substitute ½ days, or if there are particular schools you. Want to substitute in.
- 5. Pay Scale.
- 6. The Sub Finder starts calling at night after 4:30 p.m. until 9:30 p.m. and begins at 6:00 a.m. in the morning.
- 7. No profanity, no physical contact if you should encounter a severe discipline problem, contact a certified teacher or the building Principal.
- 8. Follow the Madison County Schools Early Dismissal from School policy and the Confidentiality Requirement.
- 9. Leave the room orderly.
- 10. To the best of your ability, follow the teacher's lesson plans.
- 11. If you should have to leave your assignment due to unforeseen circumstances (illness, personal emergency), you must notify the Principal's office.
- 12. Leave a brief note at the end of the day on the teacher's desk stating how the day went in general. (If there were any problems, or anything he/she needs to know out of the ordinary).
- 13. Lesson Plans If they aren't available, we want to know.
- 14. Don't show movies, unless the teacher orders them.
- 15. If you can no longer substitute contact Human Resources.

PROFESSIONAL CODE OF ETHICS FOR KENTUCKY SCHOOL PERSONNEL 704 KAR 20:680

Section 1. Certified personnel in the Common wealth:

- (1) Shall strive toward excellence, recognize the importance of the pursuit of truth, nurture democratic citizenship and safeguard the freedom to learn and to teach:
- (2) Shall believe in the worth and dignity of each human being and in educational opportunities for all;
- (3) Shall strive to uphold the responsibilities of the education profession:

(A) To Students

- Shall provide students with professional education services in a non-discriminatory manner and in consonance with accepted best practice known to the educator.
- Shall respect the constitutional rights of all students.
- Shall take reasonable measures to protect the health, safety, and emotional well-being of students.
- Shall not use professional relationships or authority with students for personal advantage.
- Shall keep in confidence information about students which has been obtained in the course of professional service, unless disclosure serves professional purposes or is required by law.
- Shall not knowingly make false or malicious statements about students or colleagues.
- Shall refrain from subjecting students to embarrassment or disparagement.
- Shall not engage in any sexually related behavior with a student with or without consent, but shall maintain a professional approach with students. Sexually related behavior shall include such behaviors as sexual jokes: sexual remarks; sexual kidding or teasing; sexual innuendo; pressure for dates or sexual favors; inappropriate physical touching, kissing, or grabbing; rape; threats of physical harm; and sexual assault.

(B) To Parents

- Shall make reasonable effort to communicate to parents information which should be revealed in the interest of the student.
- Shall endeavor to understand community cultures and diverse home environments of students.
- Shall not knowingly distort or misrepresent facts concerning educational issues.
- Shall distinguish between personal views and the views of the employing educational agency.
- Shall not interfere in the exercise of political and citizenship rights and responsibilities of others.
- Shall not use institutional privileges for private gain, for the promotion of political candidates, or for partisan political activities.
- Shall not accept gratuities, gifts or favors that might impair or appear to impair professional judgment, and shall not offer any of these to obtain special advantage.

(C) To the Education Profession

- Shall exemplify behaviors which maintain the dignity and integrity of the profession.
- Shall accord just and equitable treatment to all members of the profession in the exercise of their professional rights and responsibilities.
- Shall keep in confidence information acquired about colleagues in the course of employment, unless disclosure serves professional purpose or is required by law.
- Shall not use coercive means or give special treatment in order to influence professional decisions.
- Shall apply for, accept, offer, or assign a position or responsibility only on the basis of professional preparation and legal qualifications.
- Shall not knowingly falsify or misrepresent records of facts relating to the educator's own qualifications or those of other professionals.

STUDENTS 09.1231

Early Dismissal from School

No student shall be dismissed early from school without permission from the Principal or the Principal's designee. Any student who leaves the school grounds without permission from the Principal shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, including assignment to detention hall or suspension.

RELEASE OF STUDENTS

No student shall be dismissed early from school without permission from the custodial parent.

If the student is to be picked up, the custodial parent/guardian or designee shall report to the Principal's office.

Emancipated students may sign for their own dismissal.

EXCEPTION

A student may be released to a person with lawful authority to take custody of the student, e.g., a police officer with a warrant. In such case, the student's parent shall be notified at the earliest opportunity.

RELATED POLICIES:

09.432 09.434

10.5

Adoped/Amended: 4/14/94

Order #: 86